

Coimisiún na hÉireann um Chearta an Duine agus Comhionannas Irish Human Rights and Equality Commission CEDAW Report 2025

Poverty

Issues

Poverty

The majority of women living in poverty today have experienced intergenerational poverty. 4.8% of women live in consistent poverty. This persists due to the State's lack of consistent poverty reduction measures. Lone parent households, headed by women, and lowincome families are more at risk of poverty.

Social Protection

Women suffer disproportionately from an inadequate, arbitrary, and overly bureaucratic social welfare system. which is not benchmarked against the cost of living or indexed against national wages.

Homelessness

Rates of women's homelessness remain persistently high. Lone parent families headed by women make up a large proportion of families in homeless accommodation.

IHREC Recommendations



Gender-proof a national action plan to eradicate poverty, with targeted long-term supports for lone parents and low-income households.



Change from a charitable model of social protection to a rights-based model, which benchmarks social protection payments against rising cost of living or indexes them against national wage to lift people out of poverty.



Gender-proof the response to homelessness to ensure gender-sensitive and accessible prevention, support and housing services are available and appropriately resourced, and develop an action plan to end homelessness by 2030.